

TCS

# Computer Science & Business Systems

Semester 5 Curriculum



#### Semester 5

#### DESIGN AND ANALYSIS OF ALGORITHMS (PCC-CS 404) + Lab

**Introduction:** Characteristics of Algorithm. Analysis of Algorithm: Asymptotic analysis of Complexity Bounds – Best, Average and Worst-Case behavior; Performance Measurements of Algorithm, Time and Space Trade-Offs, Analysis of Recursive Algorithms through Recurrence Relations: Substitution Method, Recursion Tree Method and Masters' Theorem.

**Fundamental Algorithmic Strategies:** Brute-Force, Heuristics, Greedy, Dynamic Programming, Branch and Bound and Backtracking methodologies; Illustrations of these techniques for Problem-Solving, Bin Packing, Knapsack, Travelling Salesman Problem.

**Graph and Tree Algorithms:** Traversal algorithms: Depth First Search (DFS) and Breadth First Search (BFS); Shortest path algorithms, Transitive closure, Minimum Spanning Tree, Topological sorting, Network Flow Algorithm.

**Tractable and Intractable Problems:** Computability of Algorithms, Computability classes – P, NP, NP-complete and NP-hard. Cook's theorem, Standard NP-complete problems and Reduction techniques.

**Advanced Topics:** Approximation algorithms, Randomized algorithms, Class of problems beyond NP – P SPACE, Introduction to Quantum Algorithms.

#### Lab

Implementation of Different Algorithms based on various algorithmic strategies using C/C++

#### **Books:**

- 1. Fundamental of Computer Algorithms, E. Horowitz and S. Sahni.
- 2. The Design and Analysis of Computer Algorithms, A. Aho, J. Hopcroft and J. Ullman.

#### **Reference Books:**

- 1. Introduction to Algorithms, T. H. Cormen, C. E. Leiserson and R. L. Rivest.
- 2. Computer Algorithms: Introduction to Design and Analysis, S. Baase.
- 3. The Art of Computer Programming, Vol. 1, Vol. 2 and Vol. 3, .D. E. Knuth.

Quantum Computation and Quantum Information, Michael A. Nielsen and Isaac L. Chuang.



#### Semester 5

#### COMPILER DESIGN (PCC-CS 601) + Lab (LEX & YACC)

**Introduction:** Phases of compilation and overview. Lexical Analysis (scanner): Regular languages, finite automata, regular expressions, relating regular expressions and finite automata, scanner generator (lex, flex).

**Syntax Analysis (Parser):** Context-free languages and grammars, push-down automata, LL(1) grammars and top-down parsing, operator grammars, LR(O), SLR(1), LR(1), LALR(1) grammars and bottom-up parsing, ambiguity and LR parsing, LALR(1) parser generator (yacc, bison)

**Semantic Analysis:** Attribute grammars, syntax directed definition, evaluation and flow of attribute in a syntax tree.

**Symbol Table:** Basic structure, symbol attributes and management. Run-time environment: Procedure activation, parameter passing, value return, memory allocation, scope.

**Intermediate Code Generation:** Translation of different language features, different types of intermediate forms.

**Code Improvement (optimization):** control-flow, data-flow dependence etc.; local optimization, global optimization, loop optimization, peep-hole optimization etc.

**Architecture dependent code improvement:** instruction scheduling (for pipeline), loop optimization (for cache memory) etc. Register allocation and target code generation.

**Advanced topics**: Type systems, data abstraction, compilation of Object Oriented features and non-imperative programming languages.

#### Lab

Assignments using Lex and Yaac

#### **Books:**

- 1. Compilers: Principles, Techniques and Tools, V. Aho, R. Sethi and J. Ullman.
- 2. Lex & Yacc, Levine R. John, Tony Mason and Doug Brown

#### **Reference Books:**

*The Design and Evolution of C++*, Bjarne Stroustrup.



#### **FUNDAMENTALS OF MANAGEMENT**

### **Course Outcome(s):**

This course will teach students the management theories, evolution of management over the years and few basic concepts without going into the details. After studying this course the students will develop an understanding about how organizations work and find it easier to grasp the intricacies of other management areas such as finance, marketing, strategy etc. which will be taken up in future terms.

#### **Topics to Be Covered:**

#### UNIT - I

Management Theories: Concept and Foundations of Management, Evolution of Management Thoughts [Pre-Scientific Management Era (before 1880), Classical management Era (1880-1930), Neo-classical Management Era (1930-1950), Modern Management era (1950-on word). Contribution of Management Thinkers: Taylor, Fayol, Elton Mayo etc.

#### UNIT - II

Functions of Management- Planning, Organizing, Staffing, Directing, Controlling

#### UNIT - III

**Organization Behavior:** Introduction, Personality, Perception, Learning and Reinforcement, Motivation, Group Dynamics, Power & Influence, Work Stress and Stress Management, Decision Making, Problems in Decision Making, Decision Making, Organizational Culture, Managing Cultural Diversity

#### **UNIT-IV**

**Organizational Design:** Classical, Neoclassical and Contingency approaches to organizational design; Organizational theory and design, Organizational structure (Simple Structure, Functional Structure, Divisional Structure, Matrix Structure)

#### UNIT - V

**Managerial Ethics:** Ethics and Business, Ethics of Marketing & advertising, Ethics of Finance & Accounting, Decision – making frameworks, Business and Social Responsibility, International Standards, Corporate Governance, Corporate Citizenship, Corporate Social Responsibility



#### **UNIT - VI**

**Leadership:** Concept, Nature, Importance, Attributes of a leader, developing leaders across the organization, Leadership Grid

#### **Home Assignment:**

The topic for class discussion will be mentioned beforehand and students should be ready to discuss these topics (in groups) in class. Students are required to meet in groups before coming to class and prepare on the topic. Few topics are mentioned below as examples. Instructor can add or change any topic as per requirement.

- 1. Topic: Corporate social responsibility (CSR) and HRM implications: What does it mean to be socially responsible within an increasingly financially driven market economy?
- 2. Topic: Leaders are Born, Not Made! The debate

#### **Text Books:**

1. Richard L. Daft, Understanding the Theory and Design of Organizations

#### **Reference Books:**

1. Stephen P. Robbins, Timothy A. Judge, Neharika Vohra, Organizational Behavior



#### **BUSINESS STRATEGY**

#### **Course Outcome(s):**

This course will help students,

- To learn the fundamental concepts of strategic management to analyze business situations and apply these concepts to solve business problems.
- To understand the fundamental principles of and interrelationships among business functions such as: R&D, production, marketing, finance, HR and information technology
- To understand the inter-relationships of business to individuals, other organizations, government and society.
- To analyze complex, unstructured qualitative and quantitative problems, using appropriate tools.

#### **Topics to Be Covered:**

UNIT - I

#### **Introduction to Strategic Management**

- Importance of Strategic Management
- Vision and Objectives
- Schools of thought in Strategic Management
- Strategy Content, Process, and Practice
- Fit Concept and Configuration Perspective in Strategic Management

UNIT - II

#### Internal Environment of Firm- Recognizing a Firm's Intellectual Assets

- Core Competence as the Root of Competitive Advantage
- Sources of Sustained Competitive Advantage
- Business Processes and Capabilities-based Approach to Strategy

UNIT - III

**External Environments of Firm- Competitive Strategy** 



#### Semester 5

- Five Forces of Industry Attractiveness that Shape Strategy
- The concept of Strategic Groups, and Industry Life Cycle
- Generic Strategies
- Generic Strategies and the Value Chain

#### UNIT - IV

#### **Corporate Strategy, and Growth Strategies**

- The Motive for Diversification
- Related and Unrelated Diversification
- Business Portfolio Analysis
- Expansion, Integration and Diversification
- Strategic Alliances, Joint Ventures, and Mergers & Acquisitions

#### UNIT - V

#### **Strategy Implementation: Structure and Systems**

- The 7S Framework
- Strategic Control and Corporate Governance

#### **Home Assignment:**

- Latest business events would be discussed in class and students should be ready to discuss these events (in groups). The topic will be mentioned beforehand. Students are required to meet in groups before coming to class and prepare on the topic.
- There will be periodic homework assignments relating to the course concepts or mini-cases. Specific instructions will be given separately.

#### **Final Project:**

Students (in groups) are required to work on a project and submit the project report and deliver presentation. The topic of the project will be given later.

#### **Text Books:**

1. Robert M. Grant (2012). Contemporary Strategic Management, Blackwell, 7th Edition.



#### **Reference Books:**

- 1. M.E. Porter, Competitive Strategy, 1980. M.E. Porter,
- 2. Competitive Advantage, 1985 Richard Rumelt (2011). Good Strategy Bad Strategy: The Difference and Why It Matters.



### **DESIGN THINKING**

TEACHING SCHEME:	EXAMINATION SCHEME:	CREDITS ALLOTTED:
Theory: 1 Hr./Week	Semester Examination: 50 marks	2
Practical: 1 Hr. / Week	Continuous Assessment: Yes	
Activity: 1 Hr. / Week	Term Work: 50 marks	

#### **Course ID:**

3.5 (3<sup>rd</sup> Year \_\_\_ Semester 5)

			Leadership Oriented Learning (LOL)		
Nature of Cours	se	E	Behavioral		
Pre requisites		(	Completion of all units from Semesters 1, 2, 3 and 4		
Course Termina	al Object	tives:			
	Recogi	nize the ir	mportance of DT		
1					
	Explair	n the phas	ses in the DT process		
2					
3	List the	e steps re	quired to complete each phase in DT process		
4	Apply	each phas	se in the DT process		
5	Use do	oodling an	nd storytelling in presenting ideas and prototypes		
6	Create	value pro	oposition statements as part of their presentations		



7	Recognize how DT can help in functional work	
8	Recognize how Agile and DT complement each other to deliver customer satisfa	ction
	ling Objectives: etion of the course, students shall have ability to	
1	Recognize the importance of Design Thinking	[U]
2	Identify the steps in the DT process	[C]
3	Recognize the steps in the empathize phase of DT	[C]
4	Identify the steps required to conduct an immersion activity	[C]
5	Conduct an immersion activity and fill up the DT question template	[AP]
6	Recognize the steps to create personas in the define phase of DT	[C]
7	Create personas in the define phase of DT	[AP]
8	Recognize the steps to create problem statements in the define phase of DT	[AP]
9	Define the problem statements in the define phase of DT	[E]
10	Recognize the steps in the ideate phase of DT	[C]
11	Apply the steps in the ideate phase of DT	[AP]
12	Recognize how doodling can help to express ideas	[U]
13	Recognize the importance storytelling in presenting ideas and protypes	[U]
14	Recognize the importance of the prototype phase in DT	[C]
15	Create a prototype	[AP]
16	Recognize the importance of service value proposition	[C]
17	Create a value proposition statement	[AP]
18	Recognize the best practices of the testing phase in DT	[U]
19	Test a prototype created through a DT process	[AP]
20	Recognize how DT can help in functional work	[E]
21	Recognize how Agile and DT complement each other to deliver customer satisfaction	[C]

Course Contents:	
Total Hours:	45 hours



Textbooks:					
TEXIDOOKS.					
	There are no pr links shared.	rescribed texts for Semester 5 – there will be handou	its and reference		
Reference Books:					
1	Hooked by Nir E	yal			
2	The Art of Creat	ive Thinking by Rod Judkins			
3	Start Up nation	Start Up nation by Dan Senor and Saul singer			
4	Start with Why b	oy Simon Sinek			
Web References:					
1	What is Design	Thinking? Interaction Design Foundation			
2	What are some of the good examples of design thinking? - Quora				
3	Design thinking 101: Principles, Tools & Examples to transform your creative process				
Online Resources:					
1	Understanding [	Design thinking WF NEN			
2	Design Thinking	and Innovation at Apple Wei Li			
3	Stanford Webina	ar- Design Thinking = Method, Not Magic			
4	Stanford Design	Thinking Virtual Crash Course			
5	So Many Uses- a	activity to spark creativity and design			
Assessment Methods	& Levels (based o	on Bloom's Taxonomy)			
Formative assessment	(Max. Marks:20)				
Course Outcome	Bloom's Level	Assessment Component	Marks		
	Apply	Defining problem statement	5		



	Apply	Ideating solutions	5
	Apply	Creating a prototype	10
	Summat	ive Assessment based on End Semester Project	
Bloom's Level			
Understand	Understan	id, Analyze, Apply	50
Understand Apply	Understan	id, Analyze, Apply	50

#### **Lesson Plan**

Unit	Objective	Bloom's	Content	Type of Class	Duration
No		Level			
1 1	Recognize the importance of Design Thinking	2	Why is Design Thinking important for business?  Stories and examples will be used to introduce Design Thinking to the participants. We will use relevant stories and the following videos.  1. YouTube video: The Design Thinking Process – Sprouts (3.57 mins)	Introduction and discussion	60 mins
			<ol> <li>Leverage TCS-provided DT content to show the evolution of DT and why is important in present</li> </ol>		



Unit	Objective	Bloom's	Content	Type of Class	Duration
No		Level	husiasas andinamasas Con		
			business environment. Can be a video. (2 mins)		
			be a video. (2 mins)		
			Lecturer to encourage the		
			students to maintain their Satori		
			slam book and capture their		
			learning points in it.		
1	Recognize the importance of Design Thinking	2	Why is Design Thinking important for you?	Activity	90 mins
	Design Timiking		Experiential activity		
			Products that you loved and hated: In this activity, learners will have to share about a product they like of disliked based on their experience.		
			What would they need in a bad		
			product to make it good?		
1	Identify the steps	2	What is DT?	Lecture and demo	60 mins
	in the DT process		Introduce the 5-Step Stanford		
			Model using YouTube videos:		
			The video will give a brief idea about the five steps:		
			<ul> <li>Empathize (search for rich stories and find some love)</li> <li>Define (user need and insights – their POV)</li> <li>Ideate (ideas, ideas, ideas)</li> <li>Prototype (build to learn)</li> <li>Test (show, don't tell)</li> </ul>		
			Start all over and iterate the flow as much as possible		



Unit	Objective	Bloom's	Content	Type of Class	Duration
1	Recognize the steps in the empathize phase of DT	2	What is empathy?  Touch the target activity (Recap from Sem 2 Unit 4)  Discussions in class  Reference: FHIL   Stages of Design Thinking   EMPATHY (2:29 mins)	Activity	60 mins
1	Identify the steps required to conduct an immersion activity	1 and 2	How to empathize?  Moccasin Walk activity for 1 hour to allow learners experience stepping into the shoes of another person. This is an individual activity.  Sharing observations with the group.  Suggest that students try this even in their free time away from studies.	Activity and lecture	90 mins
1	Identify the steps required to conduct an immersion activity	1 and 2	Intro to Immersion Activity Introduction to immersion activity through flowcharts and handouts and examples (to be provided by TCS DT Team) (steps and the question template:  1. We met; 2. We were amazed to realize that; 3. We wonder if this means 4. It would change the world if)	Lecture	45 mins
1	Conduct an	3	Immersion activity	Practical	180 mins



Unit No	Objective	Bloom's Level	Content	Type of Class	Duration
	immersion activity and fill up the DT question template	20101	Participants will be divided into four groups. Each group will need to visit any one of the following places to conduct an immersion activity. They need to interview people and fill up the DT question template (explained in the last class)		
			<ol> <li>College cafeteria</li> <li>College library</li> <li>College sports facility</li> <li>Transport facility near college</li> </ol>		
2	Recognize the steps to create personas in the define phase of DT	2	Creating personas  Start with YouTube videos explaining the process of persona creation:	Lecture and practical	120 mins
	Create personas in the define phase of DT	3	<ol> <li>Personas – What is a persona and how do I create one? (2019)</li> </ol>		
			https://www.youtube.com/watch? v=GNvLpfXCge8		
			Each group will create at least one persona based on the immersion study they conducted in the empathize stage (refer to the four question templates). The group		
			can use A4 pages, colours and other props to create and display their respective persona.		



Unit No	Objective	Bloom's Level	Content	Type of Class	Duration
			Reference: https://www.interaction- design.org/literature/article/perso nas-why-and-how-you-should-use- them  Lecturer to guide participants on getting the personas right (based on guidelines provided by TCS DT Team).		
2	Recognize the steps to create problem statements in the define phase of DT	2	Problem statements  Session will begin with YouTube videos on how to define problem statements in the Define phase.  1. FHIL   Stages of Design Thinking   REFRAME (1:55 mins)  Lecturer will provide examples of problem statements in class (based on handouts provided by TCS DT Team)	Lecture and demo	60 mins
2	Define the problem statements in the define phase of DT	3	Defining problem statements  Group activity, in which each group will define the key problem statements (max three) for their lead personas.	Formative assessment	90 mins



Unit	Objective	Bloom's	Content	Type of Class	Duration
No		Level			
			Each group will present while the remaining groups will do a peer review.		
			Finally, lecturer will moderate/validate the problem statements (based on handouts provided by TCS DT Team)		
3	Recognize the steps in the ideate phase of DT	1 and 2	How to Ideate?  The session will start with YouTube videos:	Lecture and demo	60 mins
			<ol> <li>FHIL   Stages of Design         Thinking   IDEATE (1:54         secs)</li> <li>What Is Six Thinking Hats?         (Litmos Heroes) (1:58 secs)</li> </ol>		
			Lecturer to briefly tell them about the guidelines of ideating (to be provided by TCS DT Team)		
3	Apply the steps in the ideate phase of DT	3	Ideation games  Game 1: Six Thinking Hats	Activity	90 mins
			Game 2: Million-dollar idea		
3	Apply the steps in the ideate phase of DT	3	Ideate to find solutions  Participants will work in their assigned groups to ideate solutions for the problem statements they identified (as continuation of	Formative assessment	90 mins
			immersion activity) applying ideation methods discussed in the		



Unit	Objective	Bloom's	Content	Type of Class	Duration
No		Level			
			previous session. They will get		
			scores based on how well they can		
			apply the ideation methods.		
			Lecturers will observe the groups		
			separately and assign them scores		
			based on specific rubric (provided		
			by the TCS DT Team).		
3	Recognize how	1	Let's doodle!	Demo and activity	60 mins
	doodling can help				
	to express ideas		Participants will first watch a video		
			on doodling:		
			Doodling – how it can help in		
			presenting ideas during ideate and		
			protype phases		
			After that, participants will		
			complete an activity on doodling.		
3	Recognize the	1	What is Storytelling in DT?	Activity	120 mins
	importance		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	,	
	storytelling in		Activity- Research to find out about		
	presenting ideas		people who have used DT in		
	and protypes		providing solutions. Present their		
			findings in forms of stories. (Recap		
			from Unit- Sem-)		
			Suggested topics to be provided by		
			the TCS DT team.		
4	Recognize the	2	Why is a Prototype important in	Activity and demo	60 mins
	importance of the		Design Thinking?		
	prototype phase				
	in DT		The session will start with an		
			activity to drive home the		
			importance of creating a prototype		
			in the design thinking process.		
			As part of debrief of the activity,		
			lecturer will share relevant		
			lecturer will share relevant		



Semester 5

#### Unit **Objective** Bloom's Content **Type of Class Duration** No Level examples and prototyping guidelines (provided by the TCS DT Team). Finally, the participants will watch two YouTube videos: 1. FHIL | Stages of Design Thinking | PROTOTYPE 2. Prototyping Phase - Design Thinking | Coursera https://www.coursera.org/lecture/ patient-safety-projectplanning/prototyping-phase-jVuQn 3 Prototype your idea Formative 180 mins Create a assessment prototype This is a group activity in which the participants will work in groups (created at the beginning of the course, in which they did immersion, persona creation, defining problem statement and ideating) to create prototypes based on the solutions they had identified. Lecturer to share feedback based on guidelines provided by the TCs DT team. Recognize the 2 **Value Proposition Statement** Lecture 120 mins importance of service value 1635 You Tube: What is Value proposition mins Proposition (by Venture Well)



Unit	Objective	Bloom's	Content	Type of Class	Duration
No	Create a value	Level 3	(3:51 mins)?		
	proposition	3	(5.51 111115)!		
	statement				
			Lecturer to discuss the guidelines		
			for creating a value proposition		
			statement (to be provided by the		
			TCS DT Team)		
			Each group now needs to create		
			value proposition statement for		
			the solution they have suggested.		
4	Recognize the	1	Testing in Design Thinking	Lecture	60 mins
	best practices of				
	the testing phase		Participants will first watch a		
	in DT		YouTube video:		
			FHIL   Stages of Design Thinking		
			TESTING		
			After that lecturers will explain		
			them the importance of Testing		
			the prototype through stories		
			(provided by the TCS DT Team).		
			They will also explain how the loop		
			works in DT between the		
			Empathize and Testing phases.		
	Test a prototype	3	Test the Prototype	Activity	120 mins
	created through a		Foot many was data to talk the sta		
	DT process		Each group needs to test their		
			prototype created earlier and:  1. Document user feedback		
			Write down their inference		
			from the feedback		
			3. Suggest next steps (the		
			loop that happens in DT)		



Unit No	Objective	Bloom's Level	Content	Type of Class	Duration
4	Recognize how DT can help in	1	Role of DT in your work	Discussion	60 mins
	functional work		Lecturer conducts a group/open		
			house discussion on:		
			"How DT can help me to become a better coder?"		
			Lecturer needs to capture the key learning points in these		
			discussions.		
4	Recognize how Agile and DT	1	Suggested session on:	Lecture	45 mins
	complement each		How Agile and DT complement		
	other to deliver		each other to deliver customer		
	customer satisfaction		satisfaction		
4			Share your Satori	Reflection activity	60 mins
			Participants will be asked to share		
			their Satori moments from the DT		
			sessions		
					33 hours
			Project		12 hours
			Option 1: Each group needs to		
			present a Prototype of how they		
			can apply DT in their functional		
			work or coding. Examples will be		
			provided to explain what exactly they need to do.		
			they need to do.		
			Option 2: Each group will apply DT		
			to create a prototype to improve		
			any existing product or service.		
			For both options, groups need to		
			complete all phases of the		
			Stanford DT model and include the		
			outputs of each phase in their		



Unit No	Objective	Bloom's Level	Content	Type of Class	Duration
			presentation.  Lecturers will evaluate the project based on the rubric provided by the TCS DT Team.		
				Total	45 hours

**CONVERSATIONAL SYSTEMS + Lab (Elective I)** 



Objective of this course - The objective of the course is to

- Enable attendees to acquire knowledge on chatbots and its terminologies
- Work with ML Concepts and different algorithms to build custom ML Model
   Better understand on Conversational experiences and provide better customer experiences

### **Chapter 1: Fundamentals of Conversational Systems** (Lectures - 3)

- **Introduction**: Overview, Case studies, Explanation about different modes of engagement for a human being, History and impact of Al
- **Underlying technologies:** Natural Language Processing, Artificial Intelligence and Machine Learning, NLG, Speech-To-Text, Text-To-Speech, Computer Vision etc.
- Introduction to Top players in Market Google, MS, Amazon & Market trends
- Messaging Platforms (Facebook, WhatsApp) and Smart speakers Alexa, Google
  Home and other new channels
- Ethical and Legal Considerations in AI Overview

### Chapter 2: Foundational Blocks for Programming (Lectures - 3)

- Basic Python programming concepts
- Node Basics
- Coding Best Practices
- Evaluation Test (Hands On) 1 HR

## Chapter 3: Natural Language Processing (Lectures - 5)

- **Introduction**: Brief history, Basic Concepts, Phases of NLP, Application of chatbots etc
- General chatbot architecture, Basic concepts in chatbots: Intents, Entities, Utterances, Variables and Slots, Fulfillment
- Lexical Knowledge Networks (WordNet, Verbnet, PropBank, etc)
- Lexical Analysis, Part-of-Speech Tagging, Parsing/Syntactic analysis, Semantic Analysis, Word Sense Disambiguation.
- Information Extraction, Sentiment Analysis



- NLP using Python Make use of any of the NLP libraries like NLTK, spaCy, StanfordNLP etc. (Practice session to use an NLP Tool -Hands on)
- Affective NLG

### Chapter 4: Building a chatbot/Conversational AI Systems (Lectures - 5)

- Fundamentals of Conversational Systems (NLU, DM and NLG)
- Chatbot framework & Architecture, Conversational Flow & Design, Intent Classification (ML and DL based techniques), Dialogue Management Strategies, Natural Language Generation
- UX design, APIs and SDKs, Usage of Conversational Design Tools
- Introduction to popular chatbot frameworks Google Dialog flow, Microsoft Bot Framework, Amazon Lex, RASA Channels: Facebook Messenger, Google Home, Alexa, WhatsApp, Custom Apps
- Overview of CE Testing techniques, A/B Testing, Introduction to Testing Frameworks
   Botium / Mocha , Chai
- Security & Compliance Data Management, Storage, GDPR, PCI
- Building a Voice/Chat Bot Hands on

#### Project 1: Case Study to build a learning chatbot (8 hrs)

### Chapter 5: Role of ML/AI in Conversational Technologies -Brief

Understanding on how Conversational Systems uses ML technologies in ASR, NLP, Advanced Dialog management, Language Translation, Emotion/Sentiment Analysis, Information extraction ,etc. to effectively converse (Lectures - 6)

# Project 2: Case Study to build a ML Model using LSTM/any RNN and integrate with chatbot (10 hrs)

### Chapter 6: Contact Centers (Lectures - 1)

Introduction to Contact centers – Impact & Terminologies



Case studies & Trends, How does a Virtual Agent/Assistant fit in here?

### Chapter 7: Overview on Conversational Analytics (Lectures - 1)

- Conversation Analytics: The need of it
- Introduction to Conversational Metrics

### Chapter 8: Future – Where are we headed? (Lectures - 1)

- Summary, Robots and Sensory Applications overview
- XR Technologies in Conversational Systems , XR-Commerce
- What to expect next? Future technologies and market innovations overview

#### Brief write-up about the course encapsulating the below points (100 words max):

- a. **About the technology** Ever increasing customer expectations (emotional connect, 24x7 availability, real-time responses, enterprise presence in their preferred platform or channel), changing preferences and demand for personalized services Hence Conversational Experiences will use the right mix of multi-modal experience involving NLP, Speech, Multi-media, Vision, Virtual reality for better and personalized results of Customer acquisition, retention and revenue.
- b. **Current market demand** According to the recently updated International Data Corporation (IDC) Worldwide Artificial Intelligence Systems Spending Guide, spending on AI systems will reach \$97.9 billion in 2023, more than two and one half times the \$37.5 billion that will be spent in 2019. The compound annual growth rate (CAGR) for the 2018-2023 forecast period will be 28.4 %.( https://www.idc.com/getdoc.jsp?containerId=prUS45481219). Globally vendors of Consumer devices phones, speakers, displays, wearables are competing and investing billions to make them feature-rich, more powerful, connected and affordable.



### **CLOUD, MICROSERVICES & APPLICATION + Lab (Elective I)**

Please find embedded the syllabus in pdf format





#### Semester 5

#### **MACHINE LEARNING + Lab (Elective I)**

#### **Topics to Be Covered:**

- 1. Introduction to Machine Learning (ML); Relationship between ML and human learning; A quick survey of major models of how machines learn; Example applications of ML
- 2. Classification: Supervised Learning; The problem of classification; Feature engineering; Training and testing classifier models; Cross-validation; Model evaluation (precision, recall, F1-mesure, accuracy, area under curve); Statistical decision theory including discriminant functions and decision surfaces; Naive Bayes classification; Bayesian networks; Decision Tree and Random Forests; k-Nearest neighbor classification; Support Vector Machines; Artificial neural networks including backpropagation; Applications of classifications; Ensembles of classifiers including bagging and boosting
- 3. Hidden Markov Models (HMM) with forward-backward and Vierbi algorithms; Sequence classification using HMM; Conditional random fields; Applications of sequence classification such as part-of-speech tagging
- 4. Regression: Multi-variable regression; Model evaluation; Least squares regression; Regularization; LASSO; Applications of regression
- 5. Association rule mining algorithms including apriori
- 6. Expectation-Maximization (EM) algorithm for unsupervised learning
- 7. Clustering: average linkage; Ward's algorithm; Minimum spanning tree clustering; K-nearest neighbors clustering; BIRCH; CURE; DBSCAN
- 8. Anomaly and outlier detection methods

#### **Lab Sessions:**

- (1) Introduction to WEKA and R
- (2) Classification of some public domain datasets in UCI ML repository

#### Mini projects in the Lab:

- (1) Implementation of one clustering algorithm
- (3) Implementation of one association rule mining algorithm
- (4) Implementation of one anomaly detection algorithms
- (5) Implementation of EM algorithm for some specific problem

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